

Lösungen zu Definitionsmenge:

Übungen: a) $x - \sqrt{5-x} = \sqrt{x}$

b) $\log_2(x^2 + 1) = 2 + \log_2(x)$

c) $1 - \frac{x+8}{x-4} = 5 + \frac{5}{x^2 - x - 12}$

d) $\sqrt{\frac{2x+1}{5-3x}} = \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{x^2 - 0,25}$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{zu a)} \quad x - \sqrt{5-x} &= \sqrt{x} & \Rightarrow & \quad 5-x \geq 0 \wedge x \geq 0 \\ & & \Leftrightarrow & \quad 5 \geq x \wedge x \geq 0 \\ & & \Rightarrow & \quad ID = [0;5] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{zu b)} \quad \log_2(x^2 + 1) &= 2 + \log_2(x) & \Rightarrow & \quad x^2 + 1 > 0 \wedge x > 0 \\ & & \Leftrightarrow & \quad x^2 > -1 \wedge x > 0 \\ & & \Leftrightarrow & \quad x > 0 \\ & & \Rightarrow & \quad ID =]0; \infty[= IR^+ \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{zu c)} \quad 1 - \frac{x+8}{x-4} &= 5 + \frac{5}{x^2 - x - 12} & \Rightarrow & \quad x-4 \neq 0 \wedge x^2 - x - 12 \neq 0 \\ & & \Leftrightarrow & \quad x \neq 4 \wedge (x-4)(x+3) \neq 0 \\ & & \Leftrightarrow & \quad x \neq 4 \wedge x \neq -3 \\ & & \Rightarrow & \quad ID = IR \setminus \{-3; 4\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{zu d)} \quad \sqrt{\frac{2x+1}{5-3x}} &= \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{x^2 - 0,25} & \Rightarrow & \quad \frac{2x+1}{5-3x} \geq 0 \wedge x^2 - 0,25 \geq 0 \\ & & \Leftrightarrow & \quad ((2x-1 \geq 0 \wedge 5-3x > 0) \vee (2x-1 \leq 0 \wedge 5-3x < 0)) \wedge x^2 \geq 0,25 \\ & & \Leftrightarrow & \quad ((x \geq 0,5 \wedge \frac{5}{3} > x) \vee (x \leq 0,5 \wedge \frac{5}{3} < x)) \wedge |x| \geq 0,5 \\ & & \Leftrightarrow & \quad 0,5 \leq x < \frac{5}{3} \wedge (x \leq -0,5 \vee x \geq 0,5) \\ & & \Leftrightarrow & \quad \frac{1}{2} \leq x < \frac{5}{3} \\ & & \Rightarrow & \quad ID = [\frac{1}{2}; \frac{5}{3}[\quad \text{oder} \quad ID = [\frac{1}{2}; \frac{5}{3}) \end{aligned}$$